State Income Tax Measure and One Limiting City
Realty Tax Win.

Into a one man commission, but it had no hesitation in confirming the Governor's appointment of his counsel and former campaign manager, Joseph A. Kellogg, to the commission, which puts it under the control of Democrats.

The Senate had a wrangle for some time over the confirmation of Gov. Smith's first woman appointee to a big State place, Miss Frances Perkins, selected for member of the State Industrial Commission at \$8,000 a year, but

Special Desputch to Tun Sun. ALEANY, April 19 .- Amid scenes o turbulence such as never before were nary report of this inquiry showing that produced at the Capitol the 1919 session produced at the Capitol the 1919 session injured workers were being defrauded of the Legislature ended just after 9 because the direct settlement clauses of o'clock to-night, nine hours after the the Governor asked the Legislature to clock to-night. The hours accomclocks in both houses had been stopped
so the adjournment could be accomplished at "noon."

The Governor asked the Legislature to correct this evil, it being estimated that many men and women were being cheated out of from \$1,000 to \$2,000 each. The Legislature finally did pass

through both houses in the last hours or confusion, but the last ten minutes saw and making an appropriation of \$50,000 ne of the most important bills carried to passage and sent to the Governor for

signature. Among them were:
The State income tax bill, which went through the Assembly, having been

to permit the Public Service Commission to prosecute its fight against the Cousolidated Gas Company, which is seeking to have the 80 cent gas law declared un-

last minute scramble were:

The Foley bill, which would withdraw the right of reviewing Public Service of the affairs of the State Fair Commis-

for choosing State and judicial officers, and Lewis :

As a result of the hundreds of bills latter. for choosing State and judicial of the hundreds of bills. As a result of the hundreds of bills is a result of the hundreds of bills are included for the development of the form of the fo tributions to teachers' salaries in other parts of the State. Another of the teachers bills which passed provides equal pay for men and women teachers the elementary grades.

New Records Established.

The 1919 Legislature established many

history was made by the Legislature and Gov. Smith is expected to sign bills which will bring the total of appropria-tions for the next State fiscal year well

sembly passed a measure providing for prohibition enforcement by the State Excise Board, but the Senate killed it.

Dry Situation in Tangle.

Gov. Smith had recommended the Legislature submit a referendum to the voters of the State on the question of ratification, but though the Democrats in the Legislature tried their best to accomplish this they failed. The re-fusal of the Legislature to pass any form of prohibition enforcement bill peobably will mean a series of test cases probably will mean a series of test cases in the courts to determine what is an intoxicating liquor in New York State.

One of the most important bills of the resident provided for the construction of a vehicular tunnel from Centrestreet in New York to a point in Jersey City. This bill was put through by the Republican leaders in spite of Democratic efforts to delay the measure, and Gov. Smith signed II, terming it the most constructive measure sent to him most constructive measure sent to him

the Legislature.

The Covernor and the Senate did not even set into disagreement ever the confirmation of Democrats named to succeed Republicans in certain offices. This was especially remarkable in view of the fact the Legislature killed the Governor agreement the Perchiler. e nor's suggestion that the Republican controlled State Narcotic Drug Com-mission be put under the jurisdiction of the State Health Department, controlled by Democrats, but afterward the Senate confirmed the Governor's nomination of a Democrat to succeed the Republican head of the Drug Board. —

The Democrats obtained control of the State Highway Department when the Senate confirmed Col. Frederic Stuart Greene of Nassau to succeed the Republicap Commissioner, Edwin Duf-fey of Cortland, but this did not deter the Republican majority in the Senate the Republican majority in the Senate and Assembly from making available for the Highway Department to spend this year the unprecedented sum of \$23,000. e00, and also making provision for another State bond issue of \$20,000,000 to Piece contributions of a like sum from the Federal Government for the constitution of post roads tion of post roads.

G. O. P. and Smith Agree.

Without a murmur, too, the Republian majority approved of Gov. Smith's dation that the New York Put Se vice Board of five men be reor

g the appointment of this one Com-ner in the hands of the Governor, and also creating at his suggestion a new office, that of State Rapid Transit Commissioner, who will have charge of constructing subways in New York.

The Legislature did refuse to comply with the Governor's suggestion that the up-State service board of five be made to a one man commission, but it had

GOVERNOR IS DELUGED

GOVERNOR IS DELUGED

Teachers' Salary Question Is

Practically Left to Him

for Decision.

Identify the State Industrial Commission at \$8,000 a year, but ultimately she was confirmed. Later the Legislature approved the Governor's recommendation for establishing a department of women in industry, providing for such a bureau under the Industrial Commission. After that the Governor named another woman for member of the State Civil Service Commission, at \$5,000 a year, but the Legislature approved the Governor's recommendation for establishing a department of women in industry, providing for such a bureau under the Industrial Commission. After that the Governor named another woman for member of the State Civil Service Commission, at \$5,000 a year, but the Legislature approved the Governor's recommendation for establishing a department of women in industry, providing for such a bureau under the Industrial Commission, at \$5,000 a year, but the Legislature approved the Governor's recommendation for establishing a department of women in industry, providing for such a bureau under the Industrial Commission, at \$5,000 a year, but the Legislature approved the Governor's recommendation for establishing a department of women in industry, providing for such a bureau under the Industrial Commission, after the Governor named another woman for member of the State Industry.

was confirmed without dispute.

Gov. Smith named a special commissioner under the Moreland act to investigate affairs of the State Industrial Coma bill providing for a review by the co-mission of all direst settlement awar to cover the extra cost.

The Governor tried to get the Legisla The State income tax bill, which went through the Assembly, having been passed earlier by the Senate.

The Downing-Halmill bill, limiting the tax on New York city real estate to \$2.25 from 1920 on.

The Sage bill, appropriating \$100.000 for Americanization work among aliens under the direction of the State Education Department.

The Foley bill, appropriating \$50.000 might order under the Moreland act, and so permit the Public Service Commission.

although the Republicans felt that the o permit the Fublic Service Commission although the Republicans felt that the projecture its fight against the Considered in the So cent gas law declared unsufficient controlled by Republicans they must be sometiment controlled by Republicans they gave him the money. The first department the Governor is expected to turn his attention to is the Conservation Denartment, where George D. Pratt, the commission of the State governor who was a second to project the state governor where the source of the State governor where the source of the State governor where the money to probe into other departments of the State governor where the money to probe into other departments of the State governor where the money to probe into other departments of the State governor where the money to probe into other departments of the State governor where the money to probe into other departments of the State governor where the money of the State governor where the

Commission orders by writs of certiorari, which was killed in the Assembly.

The so-called "conductorette" bill, which would limit working 'hours of the attention of the Circumstance of the District Attorney of Onondaga county, alleging that much wrongdoing had been brought to the attention of the Grand Jury and that tons.

tions.

The McCue bill, which authorized the city to set aside the site of the old Grand Union Hotel as Pershing Square and use it for park purposes instead of selling it, as required by the rapid transit act.

The bill legalizing boxing and the one repealing the direct primary law and restoring the party convention system for choosing State and judicial officers.

As a result of the hundreds of bills latter.

Although Gov. Smith announced that private funds would be subscribed to continue the work of the Elkus Commiscion, the only report of its investigations submitted to the Legislature was one submitted to the Legislature was one recommending practical abolition of the State's military training system for boys 16, 17 and is years of age, and this the Ecuphilican leaders turned down in the old organizations of the Ecuphilican leaders turned down in the old organizations of the Republican leaders turned down in-

The 1919 Least and the first place it was the first records. In the first place it was the first records. In the first place it was the first construction time in many years that a Legislature bousing, fixing milk prices and reducing controlled by Republicans had to deal with a Governor of the opposite political faith. Yet the session went along the Governor imposed upon its members when any political earthquake.

Welfare Struggle Bitter.

An unprecedented situation arose in he Senate over the passage of municipal which will bring the total of appropriations for the next State fiscal year well shows \$90,000,000, or more than \$10,000,000 in excess of last year's budget. Bills sent to the Governor total \$95,504,175.

For the first time a State income lax is to be levied, this having been determined upon as a result of therough investigation of tax systems by a special legislative committee, of which Senator Frederick M. Davenport of Onelda, Thompson of lax chairman, and in the closing hours of the session a bill limiting the lax that may be placed upon real estate in New York city at \$2.25 from 1927 on was put through.

The first thing the Legislature did was to ratify the Federal prohibition amendment to the Constitution, and smendment to the Constitution, and first thing the Legislature did was to ratify the Federal prohibition smendment to the Constitution, and from the legislature did was to ratify the Federal prohibition and form the legislature did was to ratify the Federal prohibition and from the legislature did was to ratify the Federal prohibition and from the legislature did was to ratify the Federal prohibition and from the legislature did was to ratify the Federal prohibition and from the legislature did was to ratify the Federal prohibition and from the legislature did was to ratify the Federal prohibition and from the legislature did was to ratify the Federal prohibition and from the legislature did was to ratify the Federal prohibition and from the legislature did was to ratify the Federal prohibition and from the legislature did was to ratify the Federal prohibition and from the legislature did was to ratify the Federal prohibition and from the legislature did was to ratify the Federal prohibition and from the legislature did was to ratify the Federal prohibition and from the legislature did was to ratify the Federal prohibition and from the legislature did was to ratify the Federal prohibition and from

night to prevent the passage of a final adjournment resolution, declaring they would hold the Legislature in session to get favorable consideration in the Assembly on either one of two boxing bills that passed the Senate, but without result. The Rules Committee held tight to the measures, despite all that could be done, so legalized boxing its dead for another year.

One of the bills passed by the Assembly but killed by the Senate was the Sianight to prevent the passage of a final adjournment resolution, declaring they adjournment resolution, declaring they would hold the Legislature in session until the five big measures they put through had been considered in the Assembly on either one of two box through had been considered in the Assembly would be the passed the Senate, but without result. The Rules Committee are revice to the forces of reaction they had no reason to expect.

The appointment by Gov. Smith of BUT NOT INQUIR

Two measures favored by the Women's Legislative Conference, of which Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse was chairman after the retirement of Miss Mary Dreier, who went abroad, were finally put through the Senate and Assembly and sent to the Governor. One regulated the employment of women in elevators and the other was aimed to cure evils found to have arisen since the employment of conductoreties on the the employment of conductorettes on the the employment of conductorettes on the B. R. T. lines. Other bills favored by the women, putting female office workers under the protection of the State Factory laws, failed to pass in either the Senate or Assembly.

Many of Gov. Smith's recommendations to the Legislature want untouched.

tions to the Legislature went untouched. The list includes the plan to construct State water storage reservoirs; extension of the workmen's compensation law to cover occupational diseases; elimina-tion of the middleman between farmers and consumers in the distribution of milk, eggs, butter and produce; physical examination of children in all employ-ments; publication of campaign contributions five days before elections; legislation lifting labor out of the cate-gory of articles of commerce; abolition of the State Police Department; abolition of the Board of Port Wardens of their salaries from \$6,000 to \$5,000, and the port of New York; consolidation of gives them four year terms instead of existing State departments and commis-

Counsel Salaries Approved.

The Governor's message also asked the abolition of all special counsel for State departments, but when the State budget was being made up it was pointed out to him that if the special@ounsel were abol-ished nothing would be saved, as an ap-propriation of \$250,000 would have to be made to permit the State Attorney-General's office to carry on the work these counsel are doing. The Governor consented to the salary items.

Gov. Smith recommended adequate pay and pensions for school teachers of the State, and the Legislature passed on to him for consideration a series of saiary increase bills, including one providing additional pay for New York city teachers and an appropriation of \$5,300.000 materials for additional State aid to districts in raising their teachers' salaries. This nieasure was drafted by the Senate Public Education Committee after a thorough survey of the teaching situation.

The Governor also asked for legisla-

ough survey of the teaching situation.

The Governor also asked for legislation providing for construction of State thydro-electric plants, and although this was one of the bills sent through the Senate with the aid of the Republican insurgents it failed to get out of the Assembly Ruice Committee. The measure was framed by the State conference of Mayors.

Practically the whole water power

Automobile license plates, of which the State used more than half a million pairs last year, will be made hereafter in the State prisons at a great savings, under the terms of another bill passed by the Legislature and already signed by the Governor. It provides for the establishment of two number plate plants in Sing Sing and Auburn, and plate for 1921 will be prison made.

The Legislative leaders early in the session created a special committee

Practically the whole water power for an investigation of the power situa-tion at Niagura and the Long Sault Rapids in the St. Lawrence, with conferences with Federal and Canadian officials, to determine just how much power is available at those points for State de-

seas in the old organizations of the State Guard. To accomplish what he wants in the prisons the Governor has named a special committee to work with Supt. Rattigan. Adjt.-Gen. Berry and Major-Gen. John F. O'Ryan are taking care of the guard reorganization

The Legislature considered repeal of

The Legislature considered repeal of the direct primary laws and a return to the party State convention system of nominating State and judicial officers. Efforts were made to get Gov. Smith to commit himself on this subject, but he refused, and after a meeting in Albany of the executive committee of the Republican State committee the primary law repeal project was dropped.

The Assembly passed the Wells bill making an appropriation of \$3,000,900 to pay former National Guardsmen who were sent to the Mexican border the difference between their State and 'he Federal salary, but the measure falled to get through the Senate, shortage of funds in the State Treasury being the excuse given.

Another bill that failed to get through was that proposed to double the tax on the content and the welfare of men.

and the Assembly voted on their measures on Wednesday, Thursday and Privilay, killing all of them by big majorities in accordance with a plan prepared by a caucus of the Republican Assembly but killed by the Senate was the Siacer bill creating a State motion picture. censorship commission. This measure was put through after both the Senate and Assembly had passed the Thompson-Donohue bill legalizing the exhibition of

motion pictures on Sundays with the consent of the governing bodies of cities. This was signed by the Governor.
In the matter of accomplishment, the legislative bodies claim much. tees of the Legislature were authorized to make a thorough investigation of Bolshevism; to study the rent profiteering

ation system and recommend improve Charges of a \$500,000 fund to pro passage of the Carson-Martin increased trolley fare bill brought about an inves-tigation by the Senate Judiciary Committee, and this committee has been empowered to continue ered to continue its work for another

sixty days to see if there was any basis for the stush fund story. The State Tax Department will be reorganized under a bill introduced three days before adjournment by Senator Davenport, chairman of the tax commit-tee. It substitutes a bipartisan board of four commissioners instead of the present three man commission, increases

Proposed constitutional amendment

for increasing the salaries of the legisla-tors and members of the Court of Ap-peals, and also providing for a literacy test for future voters were adopted by

victory, putting through the Senate and Assembly and getting the Governor to sign a bill permitting baseball on Sun-days after 2 o'clock, with the consent of the governing body of a city or village

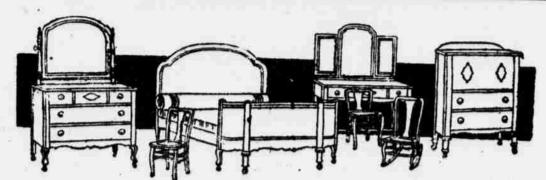
Practically the whole water power programme fell through at the last minute, even that developed by Republican leaders, except that provision was made for an investigation of the recovery that provision was made to the recovery that provision was made to the recovery that provision was made to the recovery the recovery that provision was made to the recovery the recovery that provision was made to the recovery the recovery that provision was made to the recovery the recovery that the recovery the recovery that the recovery the recovery the recovery that the recovery that the recovery the recovery the recovery that the recovery the recovery the recovery the recovery that the recovery the recovery the recovery that the recovery the reco ments to the old treaty between the two States for the development of the port of New York under the direction of a bi-State port authority. At the last momen New York city officials balked over pro-visions of the treaty, and adoption of the comprehensive plan for the port development was delayed for another year.

GOVERNOR ASSAILS ALBANY LAWMAKERS Only One Constructive Bill

Was Passed, He Says. ALBANT, April 19.—Gov. Smith an-ounced to-night that he would summon to power of pitliess publicity to show

the people of the State exactly how "steeped in Bourbonism" was the Republican Assembly when the 1919 Legislature passed spectacularly out of existence to-night.

The Governor's statement was issued a few minutes after the Legislature adjourned, and followed bristling counter statements from the Republican and Democratic leaders, each of whom placed upon the other all the blame and censure that may be forthcoming for the things the Legislature has done or left undone. "The legislative cession of 1919 has be-



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riod. I will make a summary of all the bills, so that the public may have all the facts. For the time being, it is sufficient for me to repeat the remark made by a Republican Senator, in the course of debate on the floor of the Senate: 'You are trying to put the Governor in a hole, but at the same time you are putting the people of the State in a hole.'

Senator James A. Foley and Assemblyman Charles D. Donohue, minority leaders of the two houses, united earlier.

leaders of the two houses, united earlier in a statement in which they criticised in a statement in which they criticised severely the Republican legislative members and especially the Republican lead-ers. "It has done badly," the statement said, "but it might have done worse had there not been a Democratic Governor in the executive chamber."

in the executive chamber."

Speaker Thaddeus C. Sweet. Republican boss of the Assembly, declared in his statement that he "thanked God we were not influenced by personal motives, nor by a wave of emotional political insanity to place upon the statute books of this State laws radical in character, hastily conceived, socialistic, ill advised and which in the course of a few months we would be forced to reneal."

TO SUPREME COURT Gov. Smith Sends Name of

APPOINTS KETCHAM

Surrogate to Senate for Confirmation. ALBANY, April 19.-Gov. Alfred E.

Smith to-day sent to the Senate for confirmation the name of Surrogate Herbert T. Ketcham to succeed Justice Robert H. Roy on the Supreme Court bench in Brooklyn

nously, and was not referred to the Finance Committee, after the usual custom. Senator Lockwood moved con- He left for Chicago to-night.

Surrogate Herbert T. Ketcham of Kings county as Supreme Court Justice to succeed Justice Robert H. Roy will relieve John H. McCooey of a somewhat embarrarsing situation. The Democratic leader of Kings county said that the news was a surprise to him, as he had thought that the Governor would not take up the appointment until next week. However, it is suspected by those familiar with the situation that he is mightily pleased over the selection and purposely refrained from "knowing any-thing about it."

Surrogate Ketcham will be 69 years old in November, and as a Judge must retire at the age of 70 would not have been renominated under any circum been renominated under any circumstances. It then would have fallen to Mr. McCooey to have picked a candidate to succeed him. As Mr. McCooey holds a \$9.000 job as cierk to the Surrogate's Court it would have been a delicate task to have picked the candidate. Now Gov. Smith will select a man to succeed Surrogate Ketcham. He will be renominated in the fall, and while no one doubts that he will be the man agreeable in every particular to the agreeable in every particular to the Democratic leader. Mr. McCooey can avoid the responsibility of having picked him and the candidate can avoid the charge of having been chosen because he

practised law in Brooklyn until his election as Surrogate twelve years ago. In 1911 he ran for the Supreme Court, but was defeated along with William Willett, the other Democratic nomines. who went to Sing Sing for having pair money in connection with his nomination

Billy Sunday Aids Victory Loan TRENTON, April 19.—The Rev. Billy unday stirred thousands of persons this afternoon in the Second Regiment Armory when he delivered a talk along patriotic lines preparatory to opening the Victory Loan campaign Monday.

BUT NOT INQUIRY

Senate Authorizes Committee to Continue \$500,000 Bribe

Investigation.

Special Despatch to THE SUN.

ALBANY, April 19.—The Carson-Martin increased trolley bill died in the Senate to-day without being discussed, and the Senate without debate passed resosixty days its investigation of the alleged \$500,000 bribery fund raised to put the bill through the Legislature.

Senator George F. Thompson of Niagara, whose charges caused the investigation, issued a statement giving the lie to some of the testimony that has

lie to some of the testimony that has been offered the Judiciary Committee since he was on the stand, including that of former Governor Charles S. Whitman.

"In justice to the reputation of several men whose sames have been mentioned and concerning which I do not deem it fair that I should withhold any explanation for any considerable time, and in consideration of the fact that I have had no opportunity to make a statement before the Judiciary Committee since the names were mentioned, and owing to adjournment will have no opportunity for at least two weeks," said Senator Thompson to-day offered a resolution in the Senate saking a probe by the Service Committee, of which he is chairman, and the Arsembly Judiciary Committee, of which he is chairman, and the Arsembly Judiciary Committee. Of which he is chairman, and the Arsembly Judiciary Committee to make a study of the street railway rate situation in the various cities and determine what should be done.

Senator Thompson to-day offered a resolution in the Senate saking a probe by the Service Committee. Of which he is chairman, and the Arsembly Judiciary Committee to make a study of the street railway rate situation in the various cities and determine what should be done.

Senator Thompson to-day offered a resolution in the various cities and determine what should be done.

Senator Thompson to-day offered a resolution in the various cities and determine what should be done.

Senator Thompson the article to make a study of the street railway rate situation in the various cities and determine what should be done.

Senator Thompson made a statement that the Public Service Committee now stands ready to look into the troiley commended and concerning them of any device of the Court of Approach the court of the co court.

McCooey will have the selection of a fair that I should withhold any explanacandidate for Supreme Court Justice this fall to succeed Justice Ketcham, who because of age will be ineligible to hold that office after a year.

Justice Ketcham was born in Hunting-ton, L. I., in November, 1850. He was graduated at Williams College. He had practised law in Brooklyn until his son, "I desire to say that the witness were mentioned, and owing to adjournment will have no opportunity for at least two weeks," said Senator Thomppractised law in Brooklyn until his son, "I desire to say that the witness tion for any considerable time, and in consideration of the fact that I have had no opportunity to make a statement be-fore the Judiciary Committee since the whatever, directly or indirectly, to infuence the Legislature, or even inform
them of any desire of his in the matter
at all. From a special instance of some
years standing I have complete confilence for all time in the integrity and
fair mindedness of Judge Hiscock, and it
is sufficient to say his name was not
used in any conversation with me, as
suggested by Burke.

"As to certain names mentioned by
another distinguished witness who
agreed that he met me at the St. Regis

that the Public Service Committee now
that the Public Service companies situation "as soon as they
were ready to open their house to the
Senate."

The resolution did not pass, however,
Republican Leader J. Henry Walters objecting to it.

"I am willing to take the responsibility
for the failure of the Public Service
Committee to consider favorably the
pending trolley fare legislation," Senator
Thompson explained to the Senate.

Hotel. New York, on March 29, 1919, at 1 P. M., I feel that I am sufficiently corroborated by the shade of the late Hon. Theodore Roosstar, who ence made a public statement in reference to this distinguished witness, that the truth was not in him, and further that it appears from the testimone already taken that approximately at the time he was talking with me he was engaged in transferring \$10,000 from the interborough Company to himself—so that I can say, expecting belief, that the name of Hon. Frederic Davenport was not mentioned in such conversation; that the name of Hon. Alva W. Burlingame was not mentioned in such conversation and the name of Hon. Charles S. Hughes, while mentioned, was conversation and the hame of the Charles S. Hughes, while mentioned, was not referred to at all in the vein attempted to be shown by the witness, and the amount of his retainer was not

the amount of his retainer was not mentioned or discussed."
When the resolution restricting the Judiciary Committee's investigation to not more than sixty days after the session, was passed, Senator Thompson and Senator Salvatore A. Cotillo of New York voted against it. Senator Thompson said no time limit should be placed

Senator Thompson has informed Chair-man Alva W. Burlingame of the Judi-ciary Committee that his cross-examina-tion of Richard H. Burke, mentioned as

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 - 700 Fitch
 - 1,700 Caracul
- 540 Leopard and Leopard Cats 1,600 Hair Seal 300 Mountain Lion
- 15,000 Kolinsky
- 44,000 House Cat 4,300 Ringtail Cat
- 3,700 Japanese Fox
- 1,000 China Raccoon 2,000 Japanese Marten
- 75,000 Japanese Mink
- 22,000 Flying Squirrel 39,000 White Hare
- 5,000 China Mink Sundries and Dressed and Dyed Furs

TUESDAY, APRIL 29th

- 265,000 Squirrel
- 1,400 Fisher
- 356 Chinchilla 900,000 Mole
- 171,000 Marmot
- 1,200 Stone Marten 6,000 Marten

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 30th

- 1,400 Silver Fox THURSDAY, MAY 1st
- 14,000 Grey Fox 1,000 White Fox
- 1,350 White Fox Paws
- 3,339 Russian Sable 442 Japanese Sable
- 2 Sea Otter 6,300 Lynx
- 1,500 Bear

28 Polar Bear

1,200 Swift Fox

1,000 Cross Fox 32,000 Red Fox

FRIDAY, MAY 2nd

FRIDAY, MAY 2ND—CONTINUED

30,000 Australian Fox 850 Karagon Fox

6,300 Mace donian Fox SATURDAY, MAY 3rd

70,000 Wolf

- MONDAY, MAY 5th
- 1,600 Patagonian Kitt Fox 7,000 Argentine Fox
- 36,000 Wallaby
- 2,200 Wombat 75,000 Nutria
- 50,000 Australian Ringtail Opossum 260,000 Australian Opossum
- 2,700 Persians
- 3,200 Broadtails 250 Wolverine 100,000 Ermine

TUESDAY, MAY 6th

- 4,700 Otter
- 100,000 Mink 15,800 Lynx Cat

14,400 Wild Cat WEDNESDAY, MAY 7th

- 100,000 Raccoon 16,000 Beaver
- THURSDAY, MAY 8th
- 500,000 Lbs. Australian Rabbits 50,000 Lbs. New Zealand Rabbits 250,000 Opossum

FRIDAY, MAY 9th 230,000 Skunk

- SATURDAY, MAY 10th
- 881,000 Muskrat 120,000 Civet Cat

12,000 Seal Dyed Muskrat

13,000 Badger

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